POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

SùréFire

VIENTO 240 SC*

INSECTICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 240 g/L SPIROTETRAMAT

GROUP 23 INSECTICIDE

For the control of various insect pests in cotton and certain fruit and vegetable crops as specified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS BOOKLET BEFORE USE



HOLDINGS PTY LTD

APVMA Approval No: 89337/131155
*SUREFIRE Viento 240 SC is a registered trademark of PCT INTERNATIONAL PTY LTD
(PCT Holdings Ptv Ltd ABN 11 099 023 962)

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CUSTOMER SERVICE FREECALL 1800 630 877 EMERGENCY RESPONSE (ALL HOURS) FREECALL 1800 630 877

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRAINTS

DO NOT graze treated brassica or chicory crops.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at

www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock

commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The buffer zones in the buffer zone table below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise. DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

Spray droplets not smaller than a MEDIUM spray droplet size category.

- Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section) are observed.

DO NOT apply by a vertical sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- . Spray is not directed above the target canopy
- The outside of the sprayer is turned off when turning at the end of rows and when spraying the outer row on each side of the application site
- . Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section) are observed.

DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray droplets not smaller than a MEDIUM spray droplet size category.
- . For maximum release heights above the target canopy of 3m or 25% of wingspan or 25% of rotor diameter whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Buffer zones' section of the following table) are observed.

MANDATORY BUFFER ZONES

DO NOT apply if there are livestock, pasture or any land that is producing feed for livestock downwind from the application area and within the mandatory buffer zones shown in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Buffer Zones for Protection of Livestock Areas					
FOR AERIAL APPLICATION					
Wind speed range at time of application Downwind Mandatory Buffer Zone					
	Fixed-Wing	Helicopter			
3 to 8 kilometres per hour	200 metres	120 metres			
9 to 20 kilometres per hour	250 metres	180 metres			
FOR GROUND APPLICATION: BOOM APP	PLICATIONS				
Wind speed range at time of application	Downwind Mandato	ry Buffer Zone			
3 to 20 kilometres per hour	10 metres	•			
FOR GROUND APPLICATION: VERTICAL SPRAYERS					
Wind speed range at time of application	Downwind Mandato	ry Buffer Zone			
3 to 20 kilometres per hour	80 metres				

For citrus, pome fruit and stone fruit applications DO NOT apply if there are sensitive crops. gardens, landscaping vegetation, protected native vegetation or protected animal habitat within 20 metres downwind from the application area.

SAFFTY DIRECTIONS

May irritate the eyes. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, preparing spray, and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow length chemical resistant gloves. If product on skin immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves and contaminated clothina.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre, Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed on the Safety Data Sheet which is available from PCT Holdings Pty Ltd on request. Call Customer Service Toll Free on 1800 630 877 or visit our web site at http://pctrural.com.au

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY AND EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

This product must be used strictly as directed, and in accordance with all instructions appearing on the label. PCT Holdings Pty Ltd accepts no liability or responsibility for loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.



For insecticide resistance management, Surefire Viento 240 SC Insecticide is a Group 23 insecticide. Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to Surefire Viento and other Group 23 insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if Surefire Viento and other Group 23 insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of Surefire Viento on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, PCT Holdings Ply Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Surefire Viento to control resistant insects. Surefire Viento may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, PCT representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

PRECAUTION

Re-entry or re-handling

Do not allow entry into treated areas until the spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use

Citrus – where spray application volumes exceed 7,500 L/ha DO NOT perform medium or high exposure activities such as hand thinning or pruning in citrus for 3 days after application, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each days use.

Low exposure activities such as scouting, weed control and irrigation can be performed once spray has dried.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Toxic to aquatic organisms. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Application of Surefire Viento 240 SC to crops/plants other than those specified on this label may cause symptoms of phytotoxicity.

Caution: Phytotoxic symptoms have occasionally been observed when Surefire Viento is applied to crops in protected cropping environments. This may be exacerbated when applied in tank mixtures. Do not apply under weather conditions or from spray equipment that may cause spray to drift into nearby crops/jolants. cropping lands or pastures.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of unfulled chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product

Refillable containers

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to designated collection point for refill or storage.

VEGETABLE CROPS

	ABLE CROP			
CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Beans, peas (green) including snow peas and sugar snap peas	Green peach aphid (Myzus persicae) Silverleaf whitefly (Bemisia tabaci Biotype B)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant* 300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H, G 7 days For snow peas and sugar snap peas only H, G 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local intensitions are reached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident or when longer residual control or growth are evident or when longer residual control or cops and make a subsequent application as necessary. Do not re-payly within 7 days of a previous Sureffler within 240 SC spray. Do not apply more than a total of 2 applications per Ensure thorough coverage of the target crop - refer *Application* section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.* Always add a specified apray adjuvant - refer *Adjuvant* section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.*
Beans (green)	Western flower thrips (Frankliniella occidentalis) , tomato thrips (Frankliniella schultzei)	300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H, G 7 days	Commence applications at the flower budding growth stage. Use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident or when longer residual control is desired. Continue to monitor crops and make a subsequent application as recessary. Do not re-spply within 7 days of Do not apply more than a total of 2 applications per crop. Ensure thorough coverage of the target crop – refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. * Always add a specified spray adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
Brassica vegetables (broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabage, cauliflower, knirabi)	Green peach aphid (Myzus persicae) Grey cabbage aphid (Brevicoryne brassicae) Silverleaf whitefly (Bemisio tabac) Biotype B)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 20 mL/100 L + adjuvant* 200 – 300 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 20 – 30 mL/100 L + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 30 – 40 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 30 - 40 mL/100 L + adjuvant* dilute spraying 30 - 40 mL/100 L + adjuvant*	H 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop developed the period of the pest pressure or rapid crop and the pest pressure or rapid crop and the pest pressure or rapid crop desired or when crops are dense of surge (e.g. from the commencement of head formation). Continue to monitor crops and make subsequent applications as necessary. Do not re-apply within 7 days of a previous Surgerie Vertor 240 SC spray. Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop. Ensure thorough spray coverage of the target crop. For dilute spraying application volumes of up to 1000 L/ha – refer "Application" section in CENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. *Always add a specified spray adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

CROP I	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Brassica leafy vegetables including bok choy, Chinese broccoli (gai lum/gai lan/kai lan), Chinese cabbage (get sal/wombok/ (get sal/wombok/ choy sum, gai choy/am soy/kai choy, kale, mibuna, mustard (leafy) including Indian mustard annuch	Green peach aphid (Myzus persicae) Grey cabbage aphid (Brevicoryne brassicae) Silverleaf whitefly (Bemisia tabaci Biotype B)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant* 200 – 300 mL/ha + adjuvant* 300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant*	Yrir 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident or when longer residual control is desired or when rops are dense or large. Confline to monitor crops and make subsequent Confline to monitor crops and make subsequent of a previous Surefire Viento 240 SC apray. Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop. Ensure thorough coverage of the target crop – refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. "Always add a specified spray adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

4. If the dilute label rate is 30 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 2 x 30, that is, 60 mL/100 L of concentrate spray.

- The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water, and the sprayer set up and
 operation may need to be changed as the crop grows.
- Do not use at a concentration factor greater than 2X (e.g. at a rate higher than 80 mL/100 L where a dilute spraying rate of 40 mL/100 L is specified).
- Note that the concentrate mixing rate is applicable only to Surefire Viento. The adjuvant rate remains unchanged (i.e. no concentrate factor applies). Refer to the Adjuvant section.

For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry quidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry best practice.

Cotton

Apply as a blanket spray or banded spray ensuring thorough coverage of the foliage. Apply in a minimum of 80 L/ha.

Aerial application (beans, cotton, cucurbits, peas, potatoes, sweet corn, tomatoes only)
Surefire Viento must only be applied by aircraft (fixed-wing or helicopter) fitted with accurately
calibrated equipment. Apply a minimum total spray volume of 30 L/ha or preferably 50 L/ha for sweet
corn. Do not apply Spirotetramat using Ultra Low Volume (ULV) methods.

Sweet corn: It is advisable that spray applications commence no later than early tasselling to ensure there is adequate early control of corn aphid infestations prior to silking. Further enhancement of aircraft application can be achieved through modification of spray patterns (e.g. reduced swath width), increased water volume (e.g. from 30 L/ha to 50 L/ha), and the use of Global Positioning Systems (GPS) as an aid during spray applications.

Sweet corn: It is advisable that spray applications commence no later than early tasselling to ensure there is adequate early control of corn aphid infestations prior to silking. Further enhancement of aircraft application can be achieved through modification of spray patterns (e.g. reduced swath width), increased water volume (e.g. from 30 L/ha to 50 L/ha), and the use of Global Positioning Systems (GPS) as an aid during spray applications.

COMPATIBILITY

Do not mix Surefire Viento with Amistar® or Du-Wett®.

Do not mix Surefire Viento with any other product, except the specified adjuvant when recommended, when applying to fruiting mango crops.

For further information on the compatibility of Surefire Viento 240 SC with other products, contact your local PCT Holdings Pty Ltd representative.

IPM compatibility

Surefire Viento may have an adverse effect on predatory mites where IPM is practiced.

- Application using concentrate spraying in vegetables (Eggplant, peppers, tomatoes)
- Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies
 water volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop
 being sprayed (e.g. air assisted sprayer).
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen water volume.
- Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate.
- The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way:

EXAMPLE ONLY

- 1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500 L/ha
- 2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 500 L/ha
- 3. The concentration factor in this example is: 3X (i.e. 1500 L + 500 L = 3)
- 4. If the dilute label rate is 40 mL/100 L, then the concentrate rate becomes 3 x 40 mL/100 L, that is 120 mL/100 L of concentrate spray.
 - The chosen spray volume, amount of product per 100 L of water, and the sprayer set up and operation may need to be changed as the crop grows.
 - Do not use at a concentration factor greater than 3X (e.g. at a rate higher than 120 mL/100 L where a dilute spraying rate of 40 mL/100 L is specified).
- Note that the concentrate mixing rate is applicable only to Surefire Viento. The adjuvant rate remains unchanged (i.e. no concentrate factor applies). Refer to the Adjuvant section.
 For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant industry

For further information on concentrate spraying, users are advised to consult relevant indust quidelines, undertake appropriate competency training and follow industry Best Practices.

Special Instructions for Tree and Vine Crops (citrus, mangoes, pome fruit, stone fruit, grapes and passionfruit)

Dilute Spraying

- Use a sprayer designed to apply high spray volumes, up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off.
- The required spray volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, or from industry guidelines or expert advice.
- Add the amount of product specified in the Direction for Use table for each 100 L of water.
 Spray to the point of run-off, to a maximum of 1,000 L/ha for passionfruit and 10,000 L/ha for citrus crops
- The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

Concentrate Spraying (grapes, mangoes - post-harvest only, pome fruit, stone fruit)

- Use a sprayer designed and set up for concentrate spraying (that is a sprayer which applies spray volumes less than those required to reach the point of run-off) and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy using your chosen spray volume.
- Determine an appropriate dilute spray volume (See Dilute Spraying above) for the crop canopy. This is needed to calculate the concentrate mixing rate.
- The mixing rate for concentrate spraying can then be calculated in the following way:
 EXAMPLE ONLY
- 1. Dilute spray volume as determined above: For example 1500 L/ha
- 2. Your chosen concentrate spray volume: For example 750 L/ha
- 3. The concentration factor in this example is 2 X (i.e. 1500 L ÷ 750 L = 2)

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Celery	Western flower thrips (Frankliniella occidentalis), tomato thrips (Frankliniella schultzei) Plague thrips (Thips imaginis) Green peach aphile (Myzus persicae) Cotton aphile (Aphis gossypii)	300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant* 200 mL/ha + adjuvant* 200 – 300 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident or when longer residual control is desired. Continue to monitor crops and make subsequent applications as necessary. One of the apply within 7 days of a previous Surefire Viento 240 SC aprey. Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop. Ensure thorough coverage of the target crop – refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. Always and a specified spray adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
Cucurbits	Cotton aphid (Aphis gossypii)	200 – 300 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 20 – 30 mL/ 100 L + adjuvant*	H 1 day	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are nached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when peridos of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident or when longer residual control is desired or when crops are dense or large. Continue to monitor crops and make subsequent applications as necessary. On not re-apply within 7 days of a previous Staff or when commenced the national control is control to the control provided to the c
	Green peach aphid (Myzus persicae)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 20 mL/100 L + adjuvant*		glasshouse crops). Ensure thorough spray coverage of the target crop. For dilute spraying apply to the point of run-off, using application volumes of up to 1000 Lina – refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
	Silverleaf whitefly (Bemisia tabaci Biotype B)	300 - 400 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 30 - 40 mL/ 100 L + adjuvant*		

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Eggplant, peppers (capsicum and chilli), tomatoes	Green peach aphild (Myzus persicae)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 20 mL/100 L + adjuvant* OR Concentrate spraying - Refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS 300 - 400 ml /ha +	H 1 day	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident or when longer residual control is desired or when crops are dense or large. Continue to monitor crops and make subsequent applications as necessary. Do not re-apply within 7 days of a previous Sprioteramat spray, and the properties of the prope
	whitefly (Bemisia tabaci Biotype B) Western flower thrips (Frankliniella occidentalis)	adjuvant* OR Dilute spraying 30 – 40 mL/100 L + adjuvant* OR Concentrate spraying - Refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS		locative from the set provided in a polyamous various controlled. Dilute or concentrate spraying is recommended for trellised crops (e.g. glasshouse crops). Ensure therough spray coverage of the sarpet crop using a controlled crops of the set of the sarpet crop using a polyamon volumes of up to 1000 L/ha - refer 'Application' section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. *Always add a spray did yadjuvant – refer INSTRUCTION in GENERAL INSTRUCTION IN GENERAL INSTRUCTION IN GENERAL INSTRUCTION.
Leafy vegetables (except lettuce) including chard, cress, rocket, silverbeet, spinach	Green peach aphid (Myzus persicae)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Continue to monitor crops and note autoequerity of the continue to monitor crops and note autoequerity of the continue to the cont
Lettuce (head lettuce and leafy lettuce) Chicory, endive, radicchio	Brown sowthistle aphid (Uroleucon sonchi), currant lettuce aphid (Nasonovia ribisnigri), green peach	200 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H 1 day H 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Continue to monitor crops and make subsequent applications as necessary. Do not re-apply within 5 days of a previous Surefire Viento 240 SC spray. Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop Ensure thorough coverage of the target crop – refe "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. INSTRUCTIONS.

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Adiuvant

Vegetables (except bulb vegetables, and bulb onions):

For both dilute and concentrate (where applicable) spraying methods, apply Surefire Viento 240 SC with Hasten Spray Adjuvant' according to the manufacturer's label recommendation, i.e. generally apply Hasten at 0.5 to 1.0 L/ha. This can be achieved by adding Hasten at 200 mL/100 L of spray mixture, up to a maximum of 1.0 L/ha where application volumes exceed 500 L/ha. Citrus, urgape, bassionfruit, bome fruit, stone fruit.

Apply Surefire Viento 240 SC with Hasten Spray Adjuvant* at 50 mL/100 L of spray mixture.

Mangees:

For both dilute and concentrate (where applicable) spraying methods, apply Surefire Viento 240 SC with Hasten Spray Adjuvant* at 50 mL/100 L of spray mixture only when addition of adjuvant is specified in the rate column of the Directions for Use table, and for application when fruit is present on trees, only after referring to Warning: Safety to Fruit, in Critical Comments of the Directions for Use table, for advice on when adjuvant should NOT be used with Surefire Viento. Bulb veetables and onions, bulb:

Apply Surefire Viento 240 SC with Hasten Spray Adjuvant* at 0.5 to 1.0 L/100 L of spray mixture. Cotton:

Apply Surefire Viento 240 SC with Hasten Spray Adjuvant* at 1.0 L/ha.

(*or other specified adjuvant – refer to PCT Holdings Pty Ltd for information).

Mixina

Shake the container well before using. Partially fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required volume of product to the water whilst agitating. Top up the tank with clean water to the required volume. Add the required amount of adjuvant. Surefire Viento 240 SC should be applied as soon after mixing as possible.

Ground Application

Vegetable Crops

Thorough coverage of the target area is essential. Apply in sufficient water, and using suitable application parameters (nozzles, pressure, boom height, speed, etc) to ensure thorough and even coverage. Use only MEDUIM spray droplets.

Application using rate per hectare in vegetables

Thorough coverage of the target area is essential. Adjust water volumes according to the crop growth stage.

Sweet corn: Where a standard "over the top" boom spray is used, the use of droppers will help improve spray coverage to the target area i.e. silks and cobs.

Application using rate per 100 L (Dilute Spraying) in vegetables (Brassica vegetables, cucurbits, eggplant, peppers, tomatoes)

- Use a sprayer designed to apply high volumes of water up to the point of run-off and matched to the crop being sprayed.
- Set up and operate the sprayer to achieve even coverage throughout the crop canopy. Apply sufficient water to cover the crop to the point of run-off. Avoid excessive run-off.
- The required water volume may be determined by applying different test volumes, using different settings on the sprayer, from industry guidelines or expert advice.
- Add the amount of product specified in the Directions for Use table for each 100 L of water.
 Spray to the point of run-off, to a maximum of 1000 L/ha for vegetable crops.
- The required dilute spray volume will change and the sprayer set up and operation may also need to be changed, as the crop grows.

LIVESTOCK DESTINED FOR EXPORT MARKETS

The grazing withholding period only applies to stock slaughtered for the domestic market. Some export markets apply different standards. To meet these standards, ensure that in addition to complying with the grazing withholding period, the Export Slaughter Interval is observed before stock are sold or slaughtered.

EXPORT SLAUGHTER INTERVAL (ESI) - 3 DAYS

LIVESTOCK THAT HAS BEEN GRAZED ON OR FED TREATED CROPS SHOULD BE PLACED ON CLEAN FEED FOR 3 DAYS PRIOR TO SLAUGHTER.

Export of Treated Produce

Growers should note that suitable MRLs or import tolerances may not be established in all markets for produce treated with Surefire Viento 240 SC. In some situations export requirements may be met by limiting application number and/or imposing a longer withholding period than specified above. If you are growing produce for export, please check with PCT Holding Pty Ltd. or your industry body for the latest information on any potential trade issues and their management before using Surefire Viento 240 SC.

Grapes for wine intended for export. Suitable MRLs or import tolerances are established in most, but not all, wine export destinations to allow use up until the stated withholding period for grapes. For the latest information consult with PCT Holdings Pty Ltd, your winery or the Australian Wine Research Institute (AWRI) before using Surefire Viento 240 SC in grapes which may be used to make wine for export.

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Onions, bulb	Onion thrips (Thrips tabaci)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H 7 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Continue to monitor crops and make a subsequent application as necessary. Do not re-apply within 14 days of a previous
Bulb vegetables excluding onions, bulb	Onion thrips (Thrips tabaci) Western flower thrips (Frankliniella occidentalis), tomato thrips (Frankliniella occidentalis), tomato thrips (Frankliniella schultze) Plague thrips (Thrips imaginis)	200 mL/ha + adjuvant* 300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant*		Surefire Viento 240 SC spray (onions, bulb). Do not re-apply within 7 days of a previous Surefire Viento 240 SC spray (bulb vegetables excluding onions, bulb). Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop, 200 per apply more than 2 applications per crop, 200 per apply more than 2 applications per crop, 200 per apply more than 2 apply effective than 2 apply more than 2 apply effective t
Potatoes, sweet potatoes	Silverleaf whitefly (Bemisia tabaci Biotype B)	300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H 7 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Where applicable, use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are dedent, when repressure or rapid corp growth are dedent, when cops are dense or large. Continue to monitor crops and make subsequent applications as necessary. Do not re-apply within 7 days of a previous Surefire Viento 240 SC spray. Do not apply more than 3 applications per crop. "Application" section in GENERAL. INSTRUCTIONS. Always and a specified spray adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL. INSTRUCTIONS.
Sweet corn	Com aphid (Rhopalosiphum maidis)	200 –300 mL/ha + adjuvant*	H, G 7 days	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. DO NOT apply prior to tassel emergence. Use the higher are when periods of high pession of the second or when roop (e.g. com colb) is advanced. Continue to monitor crops and make a subsequent application as necessary. Do not re-apply within 7 days of a previous Surefire Viento 240 SC spray. Do not second of the second

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muses leade, white louse muses leade, white louse water plus adjuvant* scale (clrus scale) Soft brown scale (clrus scale) Dilute spraying scale, water plus adjuvant* Dilute spraying scale, water plus adjuvant* water plus adjuvant* mealybug (suppression only) Dilute spraying scale, scale, scale (scale scale scal			RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
thresholds are reached. A single application may be suitable where thrips pressure is low. Continue to monitor crops and where thrips pressure is moderate to high apply a second application, no less than 14 days after the first,	FRUIT CROP Citrus	muses cale, white louse scale (citrus snow scale) Soft brown scale Pink wax scale, scale scale (suppression only) Kelly's citrus	20 – 30 mL/100 L water plus adjuvant* Dilute spraying 30 mL/100 L water plus adjuvant* Dilute spraying 30 – 40 mL/100 L		flowering at the onset of crawler emergence or when pest number reach economic threshold. Confinue to monitor crops and apply a second person and apply a second and apply a second and apply and application. The second apply are person and contract the population will be infective. Where applicable, use the higher rate under right pest pressure or to provide congret evidence and apply apply and apply apply and apply apply and apply app
and prior to calley closure		citrus mealybug (suppression only)			visible. Do NOT exceed 4.0 L of Surefire Viento 240 SC per hecture. A total of three applications can be made in A total of three applications can be made in A total of three applications should be made within 30 days of harvest. Apply throughly to ensure complete coverage, using distellar pering equipment in up to 10.000 appropriate for this use) – refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified apray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Member and the section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified apray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant—refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: * Always add a specified paray adjuvant in the paray ad

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Cotton	Silverleaf whitefly (Bemisia tabaci)	whitefly adjuvant* 3 weeks (Bernisia tabaci) Refer to grazing	3 weeks G Refer to grazing	Monitor crops and commence applications once local thresholds are reached. Use the higher rate when periods of high pest pressure or rapid crop growth are evident, when longer residual control is desired or when crops are well advanced.
	Cotton aphid (Aphis gossypii)	300 – 400 mL/ha + adjuvant*	WHP statement below.	Continue to monitor crops and make a subsequent application as necessary. Do not re-apply within 1-if days of a previous Surefire Viento spray. Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop. Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop. The continue of the continue o

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL. UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIODS (WHP)

Harvest (H):

Eggplant, peppers (capsicum and chilli), tomatoes, cucurbits, lettuce; DO NOT HARVEST FOR 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION

Brassica vegetables, brassica leafy vegetables, celery, chicory, endive, leafy vegetables (except lettuce), passionfruit, radicchio, snow peas, sugar snap peas: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 3 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Beans, bulb vegetables (except onions, bulb), onions (bulb), peas (except snow peas and sugar snap peas), potatoes, sweet corn, sweet potatoes; DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Mangoes: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Citrus, cotton, pome fruit, stone fruit: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 3 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION Grapes: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 4 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

Note: If grapes are likely to be exported as wine, fresh or dried fruit also refer to advice under Export of treated produce heading.

Grazing (G):

Brassica vegetables (including brassica leafy vegetables), chicory: DO NOT GRAZE TREATED BRASSICA OR CHICORY CROPS

Cotton: DO NOT FEED COTTON FODDER, STUBBLE OR TRASH TO LIVESTOCK

Snow peas and sugar snap peas: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCKFOOD FOR 3 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Beans, peas (except snow peas and sugar snap peas), sweet corn: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCKFOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CROP Stone fruit	PEST Tuber mealybug (Pseudococcus virburn), longtaled (Pseudococcus virburn), longtaled (Pseudococcus longispinus) Black cherry aphid (Myzus ceras), black peach aphid (Myzus ceras), black peach aphid (Myzus ceras), san Jose scale (Quadraspidotus permiciosus)	RATE John State S	HH 3 weeks	Monitor crops following petal fall. Commence applications at the onset of crawbe emergence or when pest numbers reach an economic threshold. To ensure there is sufficient foliage for product uptake do not apply prior to shuck fall. Continue to monitor crops and apply a second application 14 to 28 days after the first application. Aphids: Continue to monitor crops and apply a second application 14 to 28 days after the first application. Aphids: Continue to monitor crops and apply a second application at 22 days after the first application in the second sec
				or concentrate spraying methods. For concentrate spraying, do not use at rates greater than two times the dilute spraying rate (i.e. at a concentration factor greater than 2X) – refer "Application" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. *Always add a specified spray adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Grapes	Longtailed mealybug (Pseudococcus longispinus), tuber mealybug (Pseudococcus virburni), grapevine scale (Parthenolecani um persicae) (suppression only)	Dilute spraying 40 mL/100 L + adjuvant Concentrate Spraying Refer to the Application section. Add adjuvant as recommended*	H 4 weeks	Monitor crops following bud burst. Commence applications at the onset of crawler emergence or when pest numbers reach an economic threshold. To ensure there is sufficient foliage for product uptake do not apply prior to 6 leaf stage (EL 13). Mealybug and grapevine scale Continue to monitor crops and apply a second application 21 to 28 days after the first application.
	Plague thrips (Thrips imaginis) (suppression only), northern plague thrips (Thrips sartus) only)			Thrips The peak time for thrips damage in grape vines is during flowering and berry set. To obtain optimum thrips suppression, a second application should be applied prior to the anticipated peak thrips activity. The second application should be applied prior to the anticipated peak thrips activity. The second application should be made no less second application should be made no less soon to exceed a 28 day interval. At this longer interval, an application of a product from an alternative group chemical group will be required between Surefire Vehnot 240 SC applications to provide continual thrips protection. All pests For all pests applications to an established pest population where mature adults are present and dominate the population will be ineffective. Do not apply more than 2 applications per crop with a minimum 14 days between applications, apply the consumption of the product to the target crop whether applying the snew complete. Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment. Apply the same total amount of product to the target crop whether applying this product by dilute or concentrate spraying methods. For concentrates spraying, do not use at rates greater than two times the dilute spraying rate (i.e. at a concentration factor greater than 2X) - Always and a specified spray adjuvant - refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS Always and a specified spray adjuvant - refer for dried fruit also refer to advice under Export of treated oroduce heading.

- 12 - - 09 -

CROP	PEST	RATE	WHP	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Mangoes	White mango scale,	Fruit less than 50	H 14	Monitor crops and commence applications from
(post	citrus mealybug	mm diameter	days	immediately after flowering coinciding with crawler
flowering	(suppression only)	Dilute spraying	uays	emergence. Continue to monitor crops and apply a
applications)	(auppression only)	30 – 40 mL/100 L		second application 21 - 35 days after the first
applications)		water plus adjuvant*		application if required. Use the higher rate under
		or		high pest pressure or to provide longer residual
		40 mL/100 L water		control
		without adjuvant**		Do not apply more than two applications of Surefire
		Fruit greater than 50		Viento 240 SC post-flowering (i.e. between fruit set
		mm diameter		and harvest).
		Dilute spraying		* Where indicated add a specified spray
		40 mL/100 L water		adjuvant – refer "Adjuvant" section in
		without adjuvant**		GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. Refer to Warning:
	Pink wax scale	Fruit less than 50		Safety to Fruit, below, for advice on when
	FIIIN WAX SUBIC	mm diameter		adjuvant should NOT be used with Surefire Viento
		Dilute spraving		240 SC.
		30 – 40 mL/100 L		** When Surefire Viento 240 SC is applied without
		water plus adjuvant*		an adjuvant for the control of white mango scale or
		Fruit greater than 50		suppression of citrus mealybug, lower levels of
				control may be evident.
		mm diameter Not recommended		Apply thoroughly to ensure complete coverage
		Not recommended		using dilute spraying equipment (concentrate
				spraying is not appropriate for this use) – refer
				"Application" section in GENERAL
				INSTRUCTIONS.
				Warning: Safety to Fruit
				Surefire Viento 240 SC can cause damage (drip
				point injury) to mango fruit under some
				circumstances. To reduce the risk of such damage
				when fruit is present on trees;
				Do not spray to excessive run-off
				Do not use wetting agent type adjuvants
				 Do not mix Surefire Viento with any other product,
				except the specified adjuvant when recommended
				Do not mix Surefire Viento with any other product,
				including any adjuvant, if any fruit exceeds 50 mm
				diameter (width)
				I
				Fruit of the variety Honey Gold has been found to
				be particularly sensitive to Surefire Viento, and for
				some varieties fruit sensitivity may be unknown,
				hence the following additional precaution applies:
				 Do not mix Surefire Viento with any other product,
				including any adjuvant, when applying to fruiting
				crops of Honey Gold variety or other varieties
				where fruit safety of Surefire Viento plus adjuvant is
				unknown.
				Even when these precautions are followed, some
				fruit damage has occasionally been noted in the
				Honey Gold variety.
Mangoes	White mango scale,	Dilute spraving	-	Apply after harvest and after tree pruning (if
(post harvest	pink wax scale	30 - 40 mL/100 L		performed) to ensure good scale control on new
applications-	,	water plus adjuvant*		growth. Use the higher rate under high pest
no fruit)		Concentrate		pressure or to provide longer residual control.
		Spraying		Do not apply within two weeks before the beginning
		Refer to the		of flowering.
		Application section.		Apply thoroughly to ensure complete coverage.
		Add adjuvant as		Apply by dilute or concentrate spraying equipment.
		recommended*		Apply the same total amount of product to the
		recommended		target crop whether applying this product by dilute
1				or concentrate spraying methods. For concentrate spraying, do not use at rates greater than two times
				the dilute spraying rate (i.e. at a concentration factor greater than 2X) – refer "Application" section

				in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. ** Where indicated add a specified spray adjuvant - refer "Adjuvant" section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.
Passionfruit	Red scale	Dilute spraying 20 - 30 mL/100 L water plus adjuvant*	H 3 days	Monitor crops and commence applications immediately after peak flowering coinciding with the onset of crawler emergence or when pest numbers reach economic threshold. Continue to monitor crops and apply a second application no less than
	Citrus mealybug (suppression only)	Dilute spraying 40 mL/100 L water plus adjuvant*		21 days after the first application if required. Where applicable, use the higher relu under high pest pressure or to provide longer residual confirm or when crops are dense. For red scale the high rate will provide control of an established A total of how applications can be made in passionfruit in a twelve month period. A total of how applications can be made in passionfruit in a twelve month period. A total of how applications can be under in the provided provided by the provided
Pome fruit	Longialled mealyhug (Pseudococus Iongispinus), tuber mealyhug tuber mealyhug tuber mealyhug vibum), woolly apple aphid (Erosoma Ianigerum). Sam Jose Sidon (Quudinospididus permicius)	Dilute spraying 40 mL/100 L + adjuvant + Concentrate Spraying 4 mL/100 L + adjuvant + Concentrate Spraying 6 mL/100 L + adjuvant as recommended* Dilute spraying 30 mL/100 L + adjuvant 4 mL/100 L + adjuvant 4 mL/100 L + adjuvant 5 mL/100 L + adjuvant 5 mL/100 L + adjuvant 5 mL/100 L + adjuvant 6 mL/100 L + adjuvant 7 mL/100 L + adjuvant 7 mL/100 L + adjuvant 8 mL/100 L +	H 3 weeks	Monitor copes following flowering. Commence applications at the onset of crawber emergence or when pest numbers reach an economic treshold. To ensure there is sufficient follogie for product uptake. For pears, do not apply prior to petal fall. For pears, do not apply prior to petal fall. For pears, do not apply prior to ruitibes reaching 10 mm in diameter. Mealybug and woolly apple aphid: Continue to monitor crops and apply a second application is to petal fall. For pears, do lead to a period to the first application when new generations emerge. Do not re-apply within 14 days of a previous Surefrie Viento applications when new generations emerge. Do not re-apply within 14 days of a previous Surefrie Viento applications when new generations emerge, Do not re-apply within 14 days of a previous Surefrie Viento application. For all pests, applications to an established pest population where mature adults are present and dominate the population will be ineffective. For all pests, applications to an established post of the product of the product by different population where mature adults are present and dominate the population where mature adults are present and adminate the population where mature adults are present and eliminate the population will be ineffective. Apply thoroughly to ensure complete coverage. Apply thoroughly to ensure complete coverage. Apply thoroughly to ensure complete coverage. Apply thoroughly to ensure complete coverage apply the same total amount of product to the dilute spraying rate (e. as a concentration factor greater than 2X) – refer "Applications section in GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS." *Always add a specified a pray adjuvant – refer

-10 - -11 -